

4758-8-02 Code of ethics for clinical supervisors.

(A) The purpose of this rule is to state the rules of conduct that apply to individuals who hold a valid independent chemical dependency counselor license (LICDC) during the performance of their clinical duties as supervisors.

(B) Competence:

- (1) LICDCs shall accurately represent areas of competence, education, training, experience and professional affiliations in response to inquiries, including those from appropriate boards, public, supervisees and colleagues.
- (2) LICDCs shall aggressively seek out consultation with other professionals when called on to supervise counseling situations outside their realm of competence. LICDCs shall refer supervisees to other competent staff when they are unable to provide adequate supervisory guidance to the supervisee.

(C) Client welfare and rights:

- (1) LICDCs shall make supervisees aware of clients' rights, including protecting clients' rights to privacy and confidentiality in the counseling relationship and the information resulting from it.

(D) Supervisory role:

- (1) LICDCs shall obtain ongoing training in supervision.
- (2) LICDCs shall make their supervisees aware of professional and ethical standards and legal responsibilities of the counseling profession.
- (3) Procedures for contacting the supervisor, or an alternative supervisor, to assist in handling crisis situations shall be established and communicated to supervisees.
- (4) Supervision shall be maintained through regular face-to-face meetings with supervisee in group or individual sessions.
- (5) Actual work samples via audio, counselor report, video or observation shall be part of the regularly scheduled supervision process.
- (6) LICDCs shall provide supervisees with ongoing feedback on their performance.
- (7) An LICDC who has multiple roles (e.g. teacher, clinical supervisor, administrator, etc.) with supervisees shall avoid any conflict of interest caused by these roles. The supervisees shall know the limitations placed on the LICDC and the supervisor shall share supervision when appropriate.

- (8) LICDCs shall not sexually harass, make sexual advances or participate in any form of sexual contact with supervisees.
- (9) LICDCs shall not use the supervision process to further personal, religious, political, financial or business interests.
- (10) LICDCs shall not endorse any treatment that would harm a client either physically or psychologically.
- (11) LICDCs shall not establish a psychotherapeutic relationship as a substitute for supervision. Personal issues shall be addressed in supervision only in terms of the impact of these issues on clients and on professional functioning.
- (12) LICDCs shall never supervise any person closely related by blood, marriage or other significant relationships.
 - (a) "Closely related by blood or marriage" is defined to include, but is not limited to, spouse, children (whether dependent or independent), parents, grandparents, siblings and any other persons related by blood or marriage who reside in the same household.
 - (b) "Significant Relationship" means persons living together as a spousal or family unit when not legally married or related where the nature of the relationship may impair the objectivity or independence of judgment of one individual working with the other.
- (13) LICDCs shall be straight forward with supervisees about observed professional and clinical limitations of the supervisee. These concerns shall be clearly documented and shared with the supervisee.
- (14) LICDCs shall not endorse a supervisee for certification or licensure if the supervisor has documented proof of impairment or professional limitations that would interfere with the performance of counseling duties in a competent and ethical manner.
- (15) The supervision provided by an LICDC shall be provided in a professional and consistent manner to all supervisees regardless of age, race, national origin, religion, physical disability, sexual orientation, political affiliation, marital or social or economic status.

(E) Procedure for processing ethical complaints:

- (1) A violation of any of the rules of conduct may result in disciplinary action being taken by the board pursuant to section 4758.30 of the Revised Code and rule 4758-10-01 of the Administrative Code.

